# SAFETY DATA SHEET



#### 1. Identification

**Product identifier** Chlorinated Acids Mixture #2 - 515.1

Other means of identification

M-CA515AB1 Item

Recommended use For Laboratory Use Only

**Recommended restrictions** None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Chem Service, Inc. Company name **Address** 660 Tower Lane

West Chester, PA 19380

**United States** 

Toll Free 800-452-9994 **Telephone** 

Direct 610-692-3026

Website www.chemservice.com info@chemservice.com E-mail

Chemtrec US 800-424-9300 **Emergency phone number** 

> Chemtrec outside US +1 703-527-3887

# 2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 2 **Health hazards** Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

**Environmental hazards** Not classified. **OSHA** defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

**Hazard statement** Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

**Precautionary statement** 

Prevention Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces, - No smoking, Keep container tightly

closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof

electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear eye protection/face protection.

Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Response

If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If eye irritation persists: Get

medical advice/attention. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Storage

Keep cool. Store locked up.

**Disposal** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and

classified (HNOC) grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

Supplemental information

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **Mixtures**

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Acetone		67-64-1	99 - 100
2,4,5-T (TM)		93-76-5	0.01
2,4-D		94-75-7	0.01
2,4-DB		94-82-6	0.01
3,5-Dichlorobenzoic acid		51-36-5	0.01
4-Nitrophenol		100-02-7	0.01
Acifluorfen		50594-66-6	0.01
Bentazon		25057-89-0	0.01
Chloramben		133-90-4	0.01
Dalapon		75-99-0	0.01
Dicamba		1918-00-9	0.01
Dichlorprop		120-36-5	0.01
Dinoseb		88-85-7	0.01
Pentachlorophenol		87-86-5	0.01
Picloram		1918-02-1	0.01
Silvex		93-72-1	0.01
Tetrachloroterephthalic acid		2136-79-0	0.01

#### 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contact

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Eye contact

Ingestion

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

**General information** 

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

# 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Fire fighting

equipment/instructions

Specific methods General fire hazards Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

#### 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk, Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

**Environmental precautions** 

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. When using do not smoke. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged exposure. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
2,4,5-T (TM) (CAS 93-76-5)	PEL	10 mg/m3	
2,4-D (CAS 94-75-7)	PEL	10 mg/m3	

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US.	OSHA Table	Z-1 Limits	tor Air	· Contaminants	(29	CFR 19	)10.1000)

Type

Components	туре	value	FOIIII
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	PEL	2400 mg/m3	
•		1000 ppm	
Pentachlorophenol (CAS	PEL	0.5 mg/m3	
87-86-5)			
Picloram (CAS 1918-02-1)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Value	s		
Components	Туре	Value	Form
2,4,5-T (TM) (CAS 93-76-5)	TWA	10 mg/m3	
2,4-D (CAS 94-75-7)	TWA	10 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL	750 ppm	
	TWA	500 ppm	
Dalapon (CAS 75-99-0)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Pentachlorophenol (CAS 87-86-5)	STEL	1 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction and vapor.
	TWA	0.5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction and vapor.
Picloram (CAS 1918-02-1)	TWA	10 mg/m3	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chen	nical Hazards		
Components	Туре	Value	
2,4,5-T (TM) (CAS 93-76-5)	TWA	10 mg/m3	
2,4-D (CAS 94-75-7)	TWA	10 mg/m3	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	TWA	590 mg/m3	
		250 ppm	
Dalapon (CAS 75-99-0)	TWA	6 mg/m3	
		1 ppm	
Pentachlorophenol (CAS 87-86-5)	TWA	0.5 mg/m3	

Value

Form

# **Biological limit values**

Components

ACGIH Biological	Exposure	Indices
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Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	50 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*

<sup>\* -</sup> For sampling details, please see the source document.

#### **Exposure guidelines**

US - California OELs: Skin designation

Pentachlorophenol (CAS 87-86-5)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

Pentachlorophenol (CAS 87-86-5)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

**US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation** 

2,4-D (CAS 94-75-7)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Pentachlorophenol (CAS 87-86-5)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

Pentachlorophenol (CAS 87-86-5)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Pentachlorophenol (CAS 87-86-5)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

# Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station. Eye wash fountain and emergency showers are recommended.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

**Eye/face protection** Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Skin protection

**Hand protection** Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove

supplier.

Other Wear suitable protective clothing.

**Respiratory protection** Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

**Thermal hazards** Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work

clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state Liquid.
Form Liquid.

ColorNot available.OdorNot available.Odor thresholdNot available.pHNot available.

Melting point/freezing point -138.46 °F (-94.7 °C) estimated Initial boiling point and boiling 132.89 °F (56.05 °C) estimated

range

Flash point -4.0 °F (-20.0 °C) estimated

Evaporation rate Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

2.6 % estimated

(%)

Flammability limit - upper

12.8 % estimated

(%)

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure 309.3 hPa estimated

Vapor density Not available.

Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available.

Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature 869 °F (465 °C) estimated

Decomposition temperatureNot available.ViscosityNot available.

Other information

**Density** 0.79048 g/cm3 estimated

**Explosive properties** Not explosive.

Flammability class Flammable IB estimated

Oxidizing properties Not oxidizing.

Percent volatile 99.84 % estimated

Specific gravity 0.79 estimated

VOC (Weight %) 99.85 % estimated

# 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Material is stable under normal conditions. Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

Strong oxidizing agents.

# 11. Toxicological information

# Information on likely routes of exposure

**Inhalation** May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Prolonged inhalation may be

harmful.

Toxic gas.

**Skin contact** No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected.

**Eye contact** Causes serious eye irritation.

**Ingestion** Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Headache. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation.

Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision.

# Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Narcotic effects.

Components	Species	Test Results
2,4,5-T (TM) (CAS 93-76-5)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Oral		
LD50	Dog	> 100 mg/kg
	Guinea pig	381 mg/kg
	Mouse	389 mg/kg
	Rat	500 mg/kg
2,4-D (CAS 94-75-7)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	1400 mg/kg
	Rat	2000 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Dog	100 mg/kg
	Fischer 344 rat	270 - 1103 mg/kg
	Guinea pig	469 mg/kg
	Hamster	500 mg/kg
	Mouse	300 mg/kg
	Rabbit	800 mg/kg
	Rat	275 mg/kg
2,4-DB (CAS 94-82-6)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Oral		
LD50	Mouse	400 mg/kg
	Rat	700 mg/kg
4-Nitrophenol (CAS 100-02-7)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Oral		
LD50	Mouse	380 mg/kg

Material name: Chlorinated Acids Mixture #2 - 515.1

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Components	Species	Test Results
	Mouse, Rat	220 - 620 mg/kg
	Mouse; Rabbit; Rat	220 mg/kg
	Rat	220 - 620 mg/kg
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)		0 0
Acute		
 Dermal		
LD50	Guinea pig	> 7426 mg/kg, 24 Hours
		> 9.4 ml/kg, 24 Hours
	Rabbit	> 7426 mg/kg, 24 Hours
		> 9.4 ml/kg, 24 Hours
Inhalation		
Vapor		
LC50	Rat	55700 ppm, 3 Hours
		132 mg/l, 3 Hours
LC50	Rat	76 mg/l, 4 Hours
Vapor		
LC50	Rat	50.1 mg/l
LC50	Rat	50.1 mg/l, 8 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Mouse	5.2 g/kg
	Rat	5800 mg/kg
		2.2 ml/kg
Bentazon (CAS 25057-89-0)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	4000 mg/kg
	Rat	2500 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Cat	500 mg/kg
	Dog	450 mg/kg
	Mouse	400 mg/kg
	Quail	720 mg/kg
	Rabbit	750 mg/kg
	Rat	1100 mg/kg
Chloramben (CAS 133-90-4)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	3136 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Rat	3500 mg/kg
Dalapon (CAS 75-99-0)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal	D. I	. 5000 #
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
Oral		F000 "
LD50	Chicken	5660 mg/kg
	Cow	> 4000 mg/kg
	Guinea pig	3860 mg/kg

Components	Species	Test Results
	Mouse	> 4600 mg/kg
	Rabbit	3860 mg/kg
	Rat	6936 mg/kg
Dicamba (CAS 1918-00-9)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rat	2000 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Guinea pig	566 - 3000 mg/kg
	Rabbit	566 - 2000 mg/kg
	Rat	757 mg/kg
Dichlorprop (CAS 120-36-5)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	> 0.65 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Mouse	309.4 mg/kg
	Rat	344 mg/kg
Dinoseb (CAS 88-85-7)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Guinea pig	100 mg/kg
	Rat	30 mg/kg, 24 Hours
		0.12 ml/kg, 24 Hours
Oral		
LD100	Rat	60 mg/kg
LD50	Rat	27 mg/kg
Pentachlorophenol (CAS 87-		
Acute		
 Dermal		
LD50	Rat	96 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Rat	146 mg/kg
Picloram (CAS 1918-02-1)		
Acute		
Oral		
LD50	Cattle	> 750 mg/kg
	Rat	8200 mg/kg
	Sheep	> 100 mg/kg
Silvex (CAS 93-72-1)	•	
<u>Acute</u>		
Oral		
LD50	Chicken	2000 mg/kg
	Guinea pig	850 mg/kg
	Mouse	276 mg/kg
	Rabbit	850 mg/kg
	Nappil	550 Hig/kg

**Test Results** Components **Species** Rat 650 mg/kg

\* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye

Causes serious eye irritation.

irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization. Skin sensitization

No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are Germ cell mutagenicity

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.

#### IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

2,4,5-T (TM) (CAS 93-76-5) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. 2,4-D (CAS 94-75-7) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. 2,4-DB (CAS 94-82-6) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. Dichlorprop (CAS 120-36-5) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. Pentachlorophenol (CAS 87-86-5) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. Picloram (CAS 1918-02-1)

#### US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects. Reproductive toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Not classified.

Not an aspiration hazard. **Aspiration hazard** 

**Chronic effects** Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

#### 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the

possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

			0 0
Components		Species	Test Results
2,4,5-T (TM) (CAS 93-	-76-5)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Carp (Cyprinus carpio)	5.3 mg/l, 96 hours
2,4-D (CAS 94-75-7)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia pulex)	2.4 - 4.3 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fish (Labeo boga)	3.8 mg/l, 96 hours
2,4-DB (CAS 94-82-6)	)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	1.2 - 3.2 mg/l, 96 hours
4-Nitrophenol (CAS 10	00-02-7)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	3.1 - 7.1 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Zebra danio (Danio rerio)	5.6 - 13.9 mg/l, 96 hours
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1	1)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	10294 - 17704 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout, donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	4740 - 6330 mg/l, 96 hours

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Components		Species	Test Results
Bentazon (CAS 25057-	89-0)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Carp (Cyprinus carpio)	890 - 1100 mg/l, 96 hours
Chloramben (CAS 133-	90-4)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	> 10 mg/l, 96 hours
Dalapon (CAS 75-99-0)	1		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia pulex)	8.2 - 14.7 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout, donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	> 100 mg/l, 96 hours
Dicamba (CAS 1918-00	)-9)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Ostracod, Seed shrimp (Cypridopsis vidua)	> 100 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	28 mg/l, 96 hours
Dichlorprop (CAS 120-3	36-5)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Brown trout (Salmo trutta)	78 mg/l, 96 hours
Dinoseb (CAS 88-85-7)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Lake trout, siscowet (Salvelinus namaycush)	0.024 - 0.054 mg/l, 96 hours
Pentachlorophenol (CA	S 87-86-5)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	0.273 - 0.375 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Atlantic salmon (Salmo salar)	0.042 - 0.083 mg/l, 96 hours
Picloram (CAS 1918-02	?-1)		
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	59 - 97 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Lake trout, siscowet (Salvelinus namaycush)	1.6 - 2.9 mg/l, 96 hours
Silvex (CAS 93-72-1)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Simocephalus serrulatus)	2 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Coho salmon,silver salmon (Oncorhynchus kisutch)	0.5 - 0.8 mg/l, 96 hours

<sup>\*</sup> Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

**Persistence and degradability** No data is available on the degradability of this product.

# Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)	
2,4,5-T (TM)	4
2,4-D	2.81
2,4-DB	3.53
4-Nitrophenol	1.91
Acetone	-0.24
Bentazon	2.8
Chloramben	1.11
Dalapon	0.778
Dicamba	2.21
Pentachlorophenol	5.12
Silvex	3.8

No data available. Mobility in soil

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

## 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal instructions** Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of

contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

#### **US RCRA Hazardous Waste P List: Reference**

Dinoseb (CAS 88-85-7) P020

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is Contaminated packaging

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

### 14. Transport information

DOT

UN1090 **UN** number

**UN proper shipping name** Transport hazard class(es)

Acetone, solution (Acetone RQ = 5008 LBS)

3 Class Subsidiary risk 3 Label(s) Packing group Ш

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IB2, T4, TP1 Special provisions

Packaging exceptions 150 202 Packaging non bulk 242 Packaging bulk

IATA

**UN** number UN1090

**UN** proper shipping name Acetone solution (Acetone)

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk П Packing group **Environmental hazards** No. **ERG Code** 3H

Other information

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Passenger and cargo Allowed.

aircraft

Allowed. Cargo aircraft only

**IMDG** 

**UN** number UN1090

**UN** proper shipping name ACETONE SOLUTION (Acetone)

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk Ш Packing group **Environmental hazards** 

Marine pollutant No. F-E, S-D **EmS** 

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Material name: Chlorinated Acids Mixture #2 - 515.1

SDS US

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not established.

DOT



IATA; IMDG



# 15. Regulatory information

**US federal regulations** 

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

One or more components are not listed on TSCA.

#### TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Dichlorprop (CAS 120-36-5)

0.1 % One-Time Export Notification only.

# **CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)**

2,4,5-T (TM) (CAS 93-76-5) Listed. 2,4-D (CAS 94-75-7) Listed. 4-Nitrophenol (CAS 100-02-7) Listed. Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Listed. Chloramben (CAS 133-90-4) Listed. Dalapon (CAS 75-99-0) Listed. Dicamba (CAS 1918-00-9) Listed. Dinoseb (CAS 88-85-7) Listed. Pentachlorophenol (CAS 87-86-5) Listed. Silvex (CAS 93-72-1) Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Dinoseb (CAS 88-85-7) 1000 LBS US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

# Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes

Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

## SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Chemical name	CAS number	Reportable quantity	Threshold planning quantity	Threshold planning quantity, lower value	Threshold planning quantity, upper value
Dinoseb	88-85-7	1000		100 lbs	10000 lbs

SARA 311/312 Hazardous No

chemical

Material name: Chlorinated Acids Mixture #2 - 515.1

#### SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

#### Other federal regulations

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

2.4-D (CAS 94-75-7)

4-Nitrophenol (CAS 100-02-7)

Chloramben (CAS 133-90-4)

Pentachlorophenol (CAS 87-86-5)

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

# Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

6532

# Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

35 %WV

# **DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number**

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

6532

#### **US state regulations**

#### US - New Jersey RTK - Substances: Listed substance

2,4,5-T (TM) (CAS 93-76-5)

2,4-D (CAS 94-75-7)

2,4-DB (CAS 94-82-6)

4-Nitrophenol (CAS 100-02-7)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Bentazon (CAS 25057-89-0)

Chloramben (CAS 133-90-4)

Dalapon (CAS 75-99-0)

Dicamba (CAS 1918-00-9)

Dichlorprop (CAS 120-36-5)

Dinoseb (CAS 88-85-7)

Pentachlorophenol (CAS 87-86-5)

Picloram (CAS 1918-02-1)

Silvex (CAS 93-72-1)

# US - Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances: Special hazard

Pentachlorophenol (CAS 87-86-5)

# US. California Controlled Substances. CA Department of Justice (California Health and Safety Code Section 11100)

Not listed.

# US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd.

(a))

4-Nitrophenol (CAS 100-02-7)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

#### **US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List**

2,4,5-T (TM) (CAS 93-76-5)

2,4-D (CAS 94-75-7)

4-Nitrophenol (CAS 100-02-7)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Chloramben (CAS 133-90-4)

Dalapon (CAS 75-99-0)

Dicamba (CAS 1918-00-9)

Dinoseb (CAS 88-85-7)

Pentachlorophenol (CAS 87-86-5)

Picloram (CAS 1918-02-1)

Silvex (CAS 93-72-1)

# US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

2,4,5-T (TM) (CAS 93-76-5)

2,4-D (CAS 94-75-7)

2,4-DB (CAS 94-82-6)

4-Nitrophenol (CAS 100-02-7)

Chloramben (CAS 133-90-4)

Dicamba (CAS 1918-00-9)

Dichlorprop (CAS 120-36-5)

Dinoseb (CAS 88-85-7)

Pentachlorophenol (CAS 87-86-5)

Picloram (CAS 1918-02-1)

#### US. Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances

2,4,5-T (TM) (CAS 93-76-5)

2,4-D (CAS 94-75-7)

4-Nitrophenol (CAS 100-02-7)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Chloramben (CAS 133-90-4)

Dalapon (CAS 75-99-0)

Dicamba (CAS 1918-00-9)

Dinoseb (CAS 88-85-7)

Pentachlorophenol (CAS 87-86-5)

Picloram (CAS 1918-02-1)

Silvex (CAS 93-72-1)

#### US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

2,4,5-T (TM) (CAS 93-76-5)

2,4-D (CAS 94-75-7)

4-Nitrophenol (CAS 100-02-7)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Chloramben (CAS 133-90-4)

Dalapon (CAS 75-99-0)

Dicamba (CAS 1918-00-9)

Dinoseb (CAS 88-85-7)

Pentachlorophenol (CAS 87-86-5)

Picloram (CAS 1918-02-1)

Silvex (CAS 93-72-1)

#### **US. Rhode Island RTK**

2,4,5-T (TM) (CAS 93-76-5)

2,4-D (CAS 94-75-7)

2,4-DB (CAS 94-82-6)

4-Nitrophenol (CAS 100-02-7)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Chloramben (CAS 133-90-4)

Dalapon (CAS 75-99-0)

Dicamba (CAS 1918-00-9)

Dichlorprop (CAS 120-36-5)

Dinoseb (CAS 88-85-7)

Pentachlorophenol (CAS 87-86-5)

Picloram (CAS 1918-02-1)

Silvex (CAS 93-72-1)

#### **US. California Proposition 65**

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

# US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Pentachlorophenol (CAS 87-86-5) Listed: January 1, 1990

#### US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

Dinoseb (CAS 88-85-7) Listed: January 1, 1989

# US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Male reproductive toxin

2,4-DB (CAS 94-82-6) Listed: June 18, 1999 Dinoseb (CAS 88-85-7) Listed: January 1, 1989

#### **International Inventories**

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No

Country(s) or region Inventory name On inventory (yes/no)\*

Europe European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical

Substances (EINECS)

Europe European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) No

Japan Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) No

Korea Existing Chemicals List (ECL) No
New Zealand New Zealand Inventory No

Philippines Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances No

(PICCS)

United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

# 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

 Issue date
 09-02-2014

 Revision date
 08-25-2016

Version # 02

NFPA ratings Health: 2

Flammability: 3 Instability: 0

**Disclaimer** 

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**Revision Information**This document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.

No